



SFC SMITH SIMULATION & TRAINING TECHNOLOGY CENTER (STTC)

SFC Paul Ray Smith Center

JUNE 2026

DEVCOM SC – Training and Simulation Portfolio Overview - TSIS

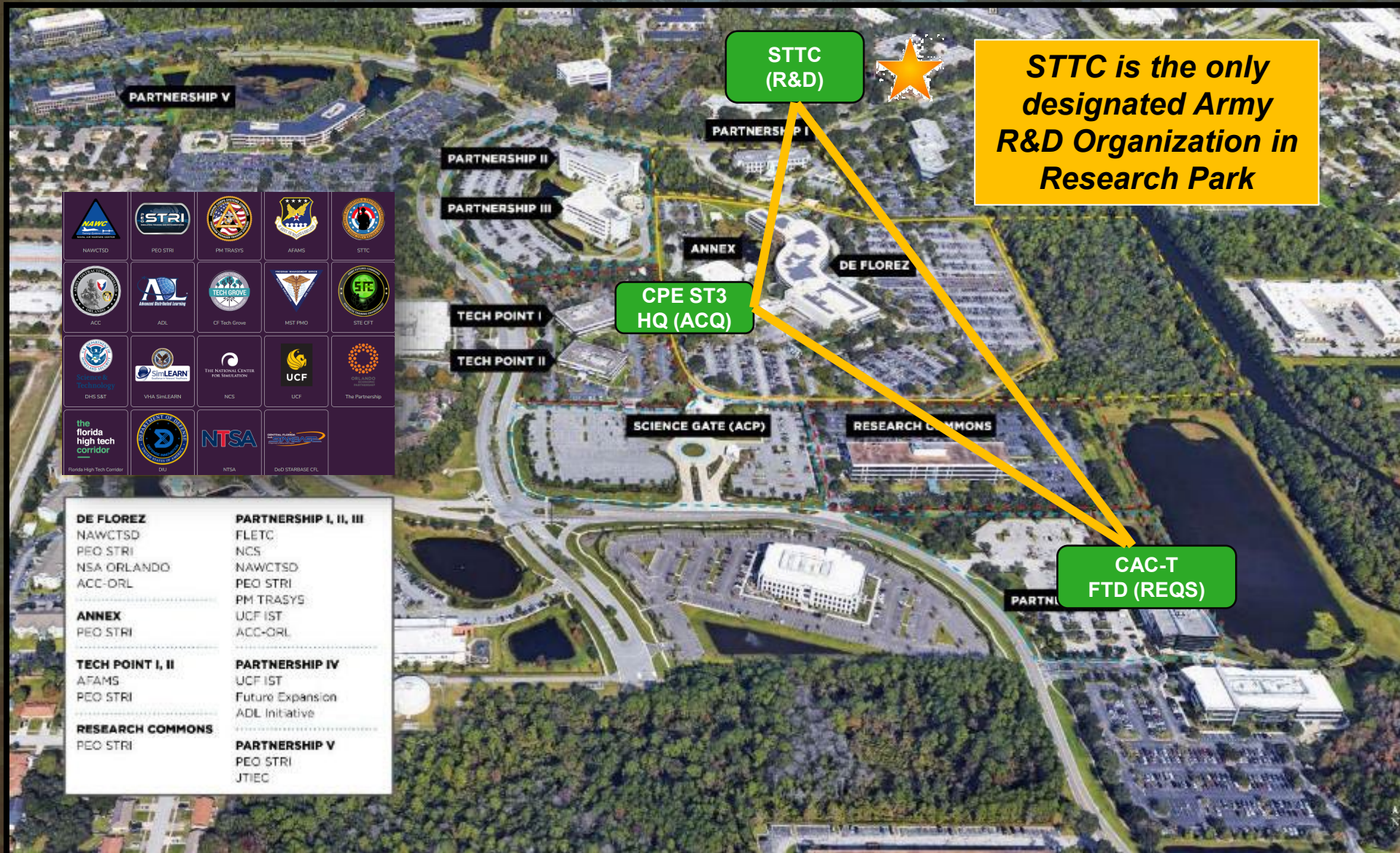
AGENDA



- Training and Simulation Division Overview
- Training Tech and Engineering Branch
- Advanced Modeling and Simulation Branch
- Medical Simulation Branch
- Adaptive and Intelligent Tutoring Branch



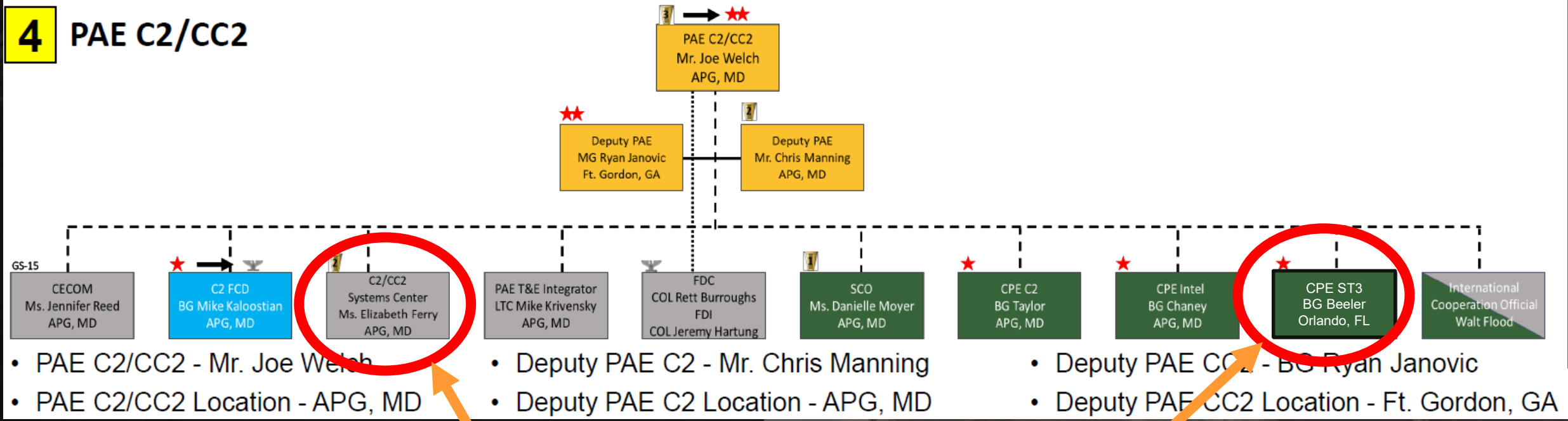
LOCATION



PROGRAM ACQUISITION EXECUTIVE (PAE) ALIGNMENT



4 PAE C2/CC2



Training and Simulation Division (TSD),
Orlando at Simulation and Training
Technology Center (STTC) facility.

MISSION, VISION, ORGANIZATION, STAKEHOLDERS AND FUNDING



MISSION

Discover, Develop, and **Transition** Innovative Simulation and Training Technology to Maximize Soldier Effectiveness and Warfighter Readiness.

ORGANIZATION

T2COM
DEVCOM
SOLDIER CENTER
SOLDIER EFFECTIVENESS DIRECTORATE
TRAINING AND SIMULATION DIVISION
ADAPTIVE & INTELLIGENT TRAINING SYSTEMS
ADVANCED MODELING & SIMULATION
MEDICAL SIMULATION RESEARCH
TRAINING TECHNOLOGY & ENVIRONMENTS
TECHNICAL & ENGINEERING SUPPORT



SFC PAUL RAY SMITH
SIMULATION AND TRAINING
TECHNOLOGY CENTER (STTC)



FUNDING & PERSONNEL

Funding
~ \$30M Mission 6.2 & 6.3
~ \$50M Customer Funds

Personnel
48 Civilians & 2 Mil

SUPPORT AREAS

TECHNICAL LEADERSHIP

- Embedded & Matrixed Support
- Source Selection Support
- Unbiased Technology Evaluation
- STP/ETP & Data Collection Support

TECH DEVELOPMENT AND TRANSITION

- In-house Prototype Development
- Research Contracts
- Formal Transition Agreements
- Technology Integration
- Joint and International Outreach

KNOWLEDGE TRANSITION

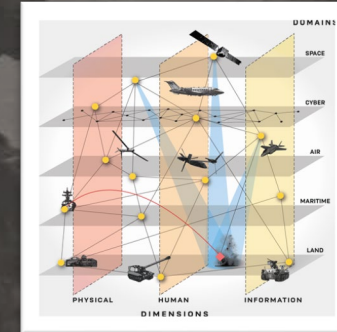
- Technical Papers
- Technical Studies
- Market Research
- Technical Panels & Talks

MAJOR STAKEHOLDERS

- Portfolio Acquisition Executive – C2/CC2 (100% aligned)
- CPE Simulation Training Test and Threat (ST3)
- Combined Arms Center – Training (CAC-T)
- Defense Advanced Research Project Agency (DARPA)
- U.S. Army Medical Research & Development Command (USAMRDC)
- Army Modeling & Sim. Office (AMSO) and 6 Army M&S Communities
- Army Cyber Command and National Guard
- National Geospatial and Army Geospatial Commands
- Embedded ACC APG support.

APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE

RESEARCH AREAS



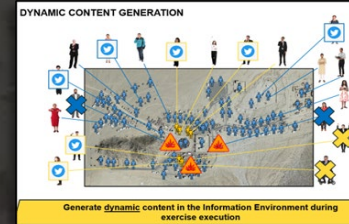
Cyberspace and Info Warfare Simulations



Medical Training Simulations



Synthetic Terrain and Embedded Training



Constructive Simulations



Live Training "e-Bullet"



Augmented Reality and Training Effectiveness

UAS and C-UAS for Sim and Training

LIVE TRAINING TECHNOLOGIES



Problem Statement

- The Army requires an effective training capability to replace I-MILES. Prototype development priority is to provide near-real-time; employing physics-based munition trajectory simulations to replace the current probability-based I-MILES Probability of Hit (Ph)/Probability of Kill (Pk) tables; fully with network connectivity, or to the degree possible without network capability.

Research Goals

- Mature and integrate modular, research efforts that will inform requirements and accelerate I-MILES replacement (Direct Fire)
- The objective of the prototyping strategy will focus on proof of concepts for the direct fire, counter-defilade fire, and indirect fire engagement types.

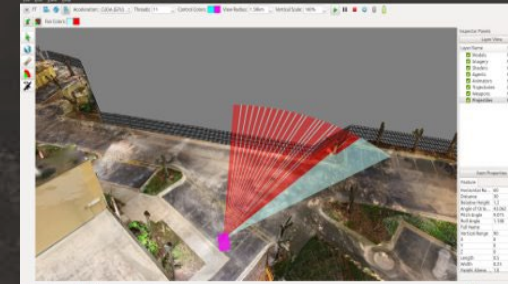
Impact of R&D

- Replace I-MILES with a new Force on Force (FoF) Direct Fire Tactical Engagement Simulation Systems (TESS) and the supporting "Plus 5" enablers.
- Concentrate on efforts to inform, prototype, or integrate key instrumentation drivers. Primary investments are expected to focus on informing the key challenges associated with integrating calculations, terrain, and wireless networks.

Transition Partner(s): PAE C2/CC2: CPE ST3 – Live Training Systems



Advanced
Counter-UAS
Training





Problem Statement

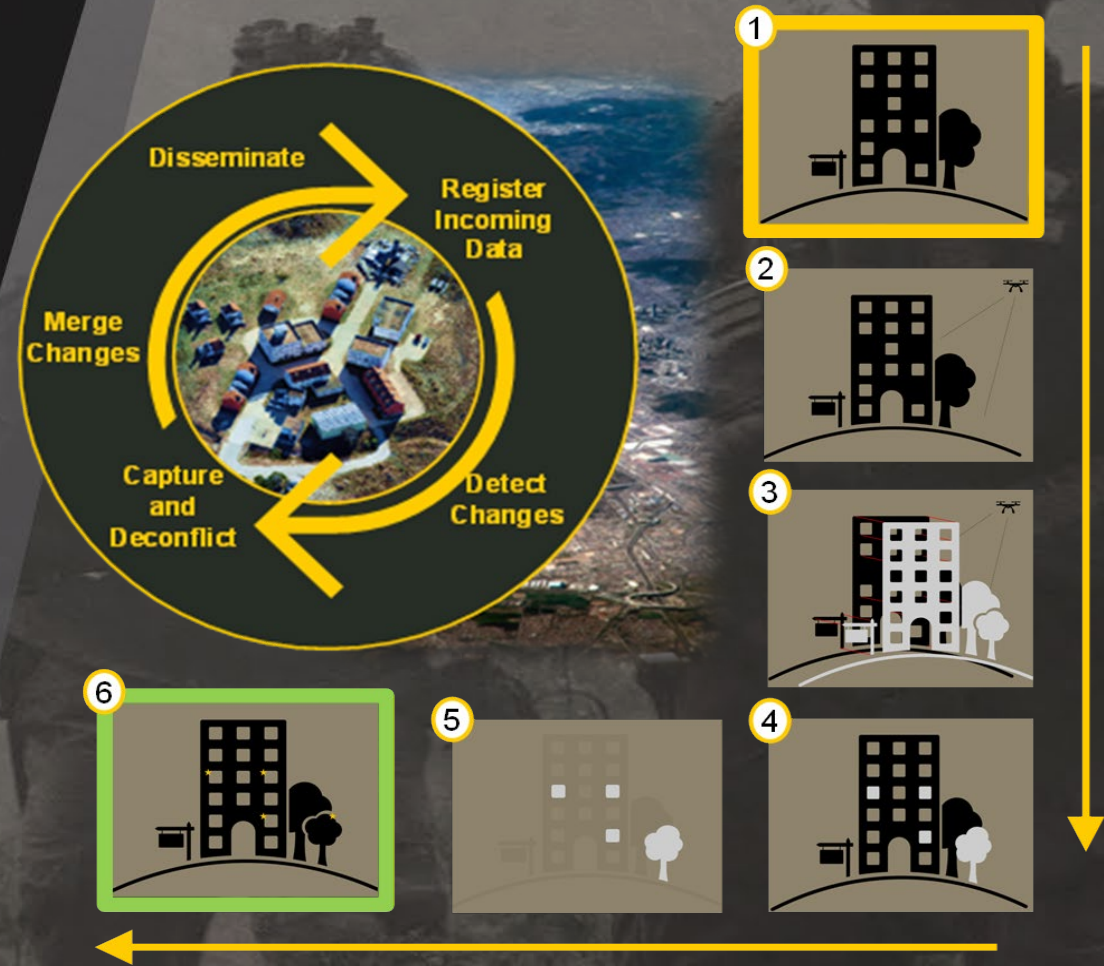
- Maintaining currency of synthetic geospatial models is both cumbersome and resource intensive. Synthetic models are static, whereas the real world changes constantly – both between training events (incremental updates) and during training events (dynamic updates).

Research Goals

- Implementation of a robust incremental/dynamic update solution that allows Army's investments in high-resolution synthetic geospatial models and content to maintain correlation with real-world changes and to support fair-fight and physics computations (e.g., munition effects) during exercise events.

Impact of R&D

- Rapid turnaround to update static content or models of the environment. Increased synchronization of live entities through increased currency and parity of environment.



Incremental Updates (full refresh): < 48hrs [T]; < 24hrs [O].
Incremental Updates (constrained refresh): < 4hrs [T]; < 1 hr [O]
Dynamic Updates (changes occur during event/exercise): < 3 mins [T]; 10 sec [O]

CYBERSPACE WARFARE FOR TRAINING



Problem Statement

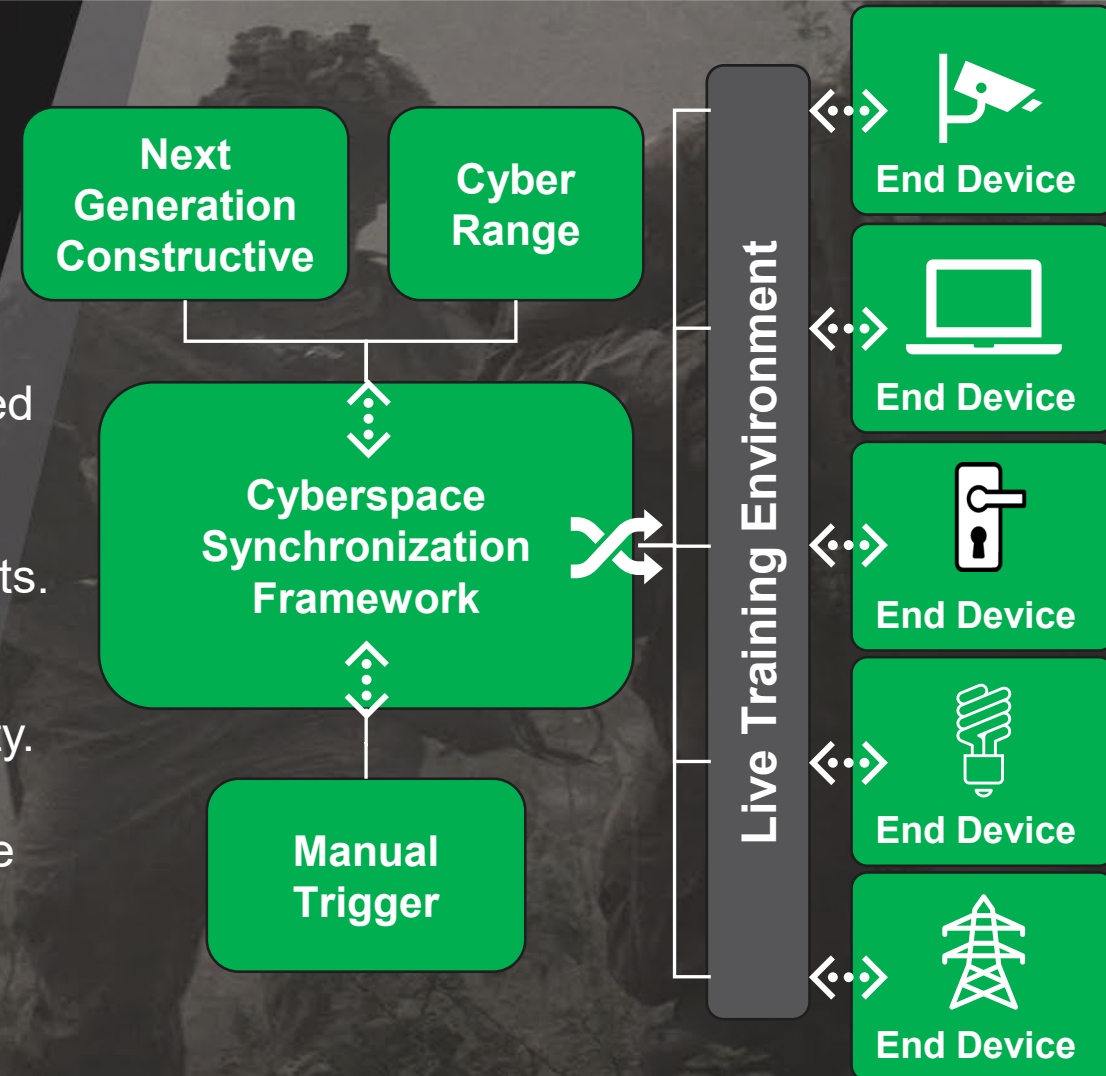
- Current Army LVC training relies on manual, low-fidelity "white-card" cyberspace effects, failing to replicate the true, interconnected friction of Multi-Domain Operations (MDO).

Research Goals

- Develop innovative techniques – novel APIs and standardized data exchange models – to connect isolated cyberspace models, ranges, and LVC simulations, driving automated, bi-directional synchronization of kinetic and non-kinetic effects.

Impact of R&D

- Replaces simulated friction with actual operational complexity. Realistic effects force warfighters to organically detect and "fight through" synchronized cyberspace events to guarantee multi-domain readiness.





Problem Statement

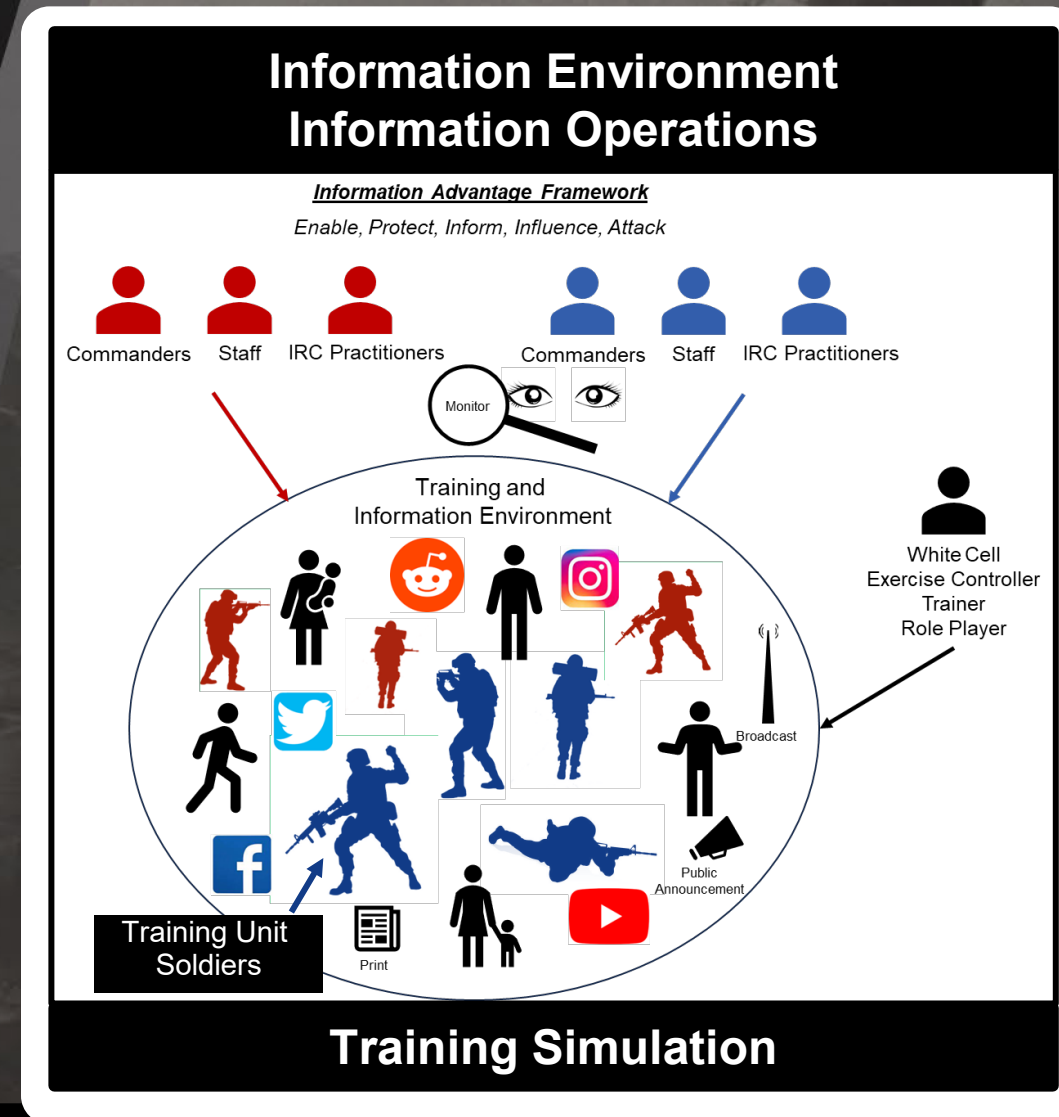
- Current Army LVC exercises rely on static, scripted human terrain, failing to replicate the complex, bi-directional friction of the Information Environment and cognitive warfare.

Research Goals

- Fuse kinetic simulations, cognitive models, and Generative AI to build a reactive synthetic ecosystem where physical and informational events dynamically drive population behaviors, "will-to-fight," and content generation in the synthetic internet.

Impact of R&D

- Replaces scripted scenarios with a realistic, dynamic human terrain. Forces warfighters to organically assess and navigate the cascading consequences of their actions on population sentiment and patterns of life, ensuring readiness for information-contested operations.



MACHINE AUTOMATION OF MODELS AND BEHAVIORS FOR SIMULATION



Problem Statement

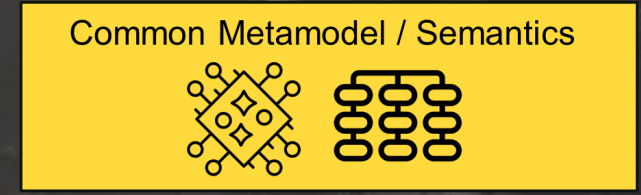
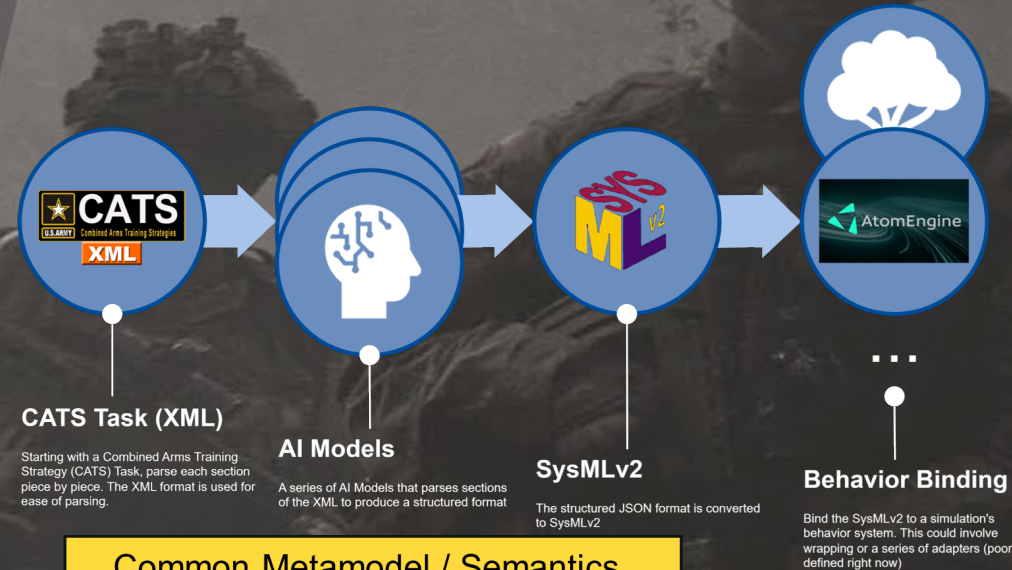
- The manual and redundant implementation of existing authoritative models and behaviors into emerging simulation environments continues to add cost to modernizing our simulation environment. The execution of large-scale simulation scenarios requires a large number of human operators ("pucksters") to manage simulated forces, making it difficult and resource-intensive to rapidly create, initialize, and command massive simulation environments.

Research Goals

- Automate the ingestion and processing of authoritative and emerging M&S sources to generate authoritative models suitable for NGC.
- Design and develop technologies that enable fully autonomous simulation forces to represent both OPFOR and BLUFOR in complex simulations.
- Utilize advanced AI methodologies to translate source data (e.g., XML) into structured formats (SysMLv2) creating a Digital Engine8ring pipeline for behavior binding and course of action optimization.

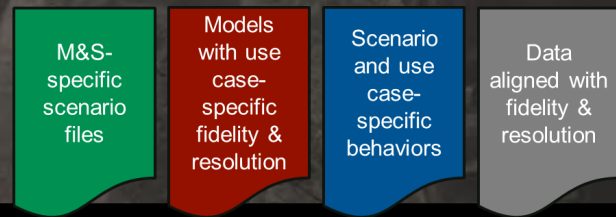
Impact of R&D

- Significantly reduces the number of human simulation operators required for exercises by utilizing military hierarchy AI to generate automated courses of action.
- Empowers soldiers to easily command automated units using their existing military DSL.
- Allows modifications to the Played Items Lists (PIL) without requiring software engineering expertise.



Large Language Model (LLM)

Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG)



BLUFOR: Blue Forces
 CATS: Combined Arms Training Strategy
 DSL: Domain Specific Language
 OPFOR: Opposing Forces
 SysMLv2: Systems Modeling Language Version 2
 XML: Extensible Markup Language

Transition Partner(s): PAE C2/CC2: CPE ST3 – Next Gen Constructive (NGC)

AUTOMATED ASSESSMENT



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Problem Statement

- Promptly provide automated assessments of skills
- Requires tremendous amount of data

Current Research Goals

- Demonstrate in medical and warfighter training events
- Develop additional models that include voice analysis

Impact of R&D

Game changer, by providing real-time individual and team assessments of performance and levels of competence



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SMART SURROGATES



Problem Statement

- Haptics-enhanced training system for standalone or live medical training
- Tourniquet first, extending to other Tactical Combat Casualty Care (TC3) interventions to include Needle Chest Decompression, nasal tube, and the Israeli bandage
- Paired with xAPI-driven software to integrate with STE LTS and future TES (open source)
- Mobile app (Apple or Android)
- Wifi and Bluetooth
- Viable haptics solution for the next 5-10 years

Current Research Goals

- Dynamic Wounds integration
- Packaging and reuse

Impact of R&D

Capability to practice medical skills and pass data to STE and NXTGEN MSTC without reliance on human patient simulators and without causing harm to patient actors



PROLONGED CASUALTY CARE



Problem Statement

Provide training environment with:

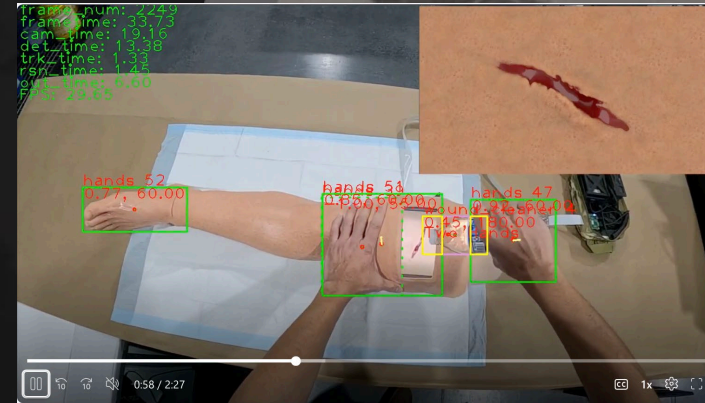
- Wounds that change over time
- Denied medical treatment resources
- Accelerated patient states

Current Research Goals

- Wound Progression Through Novel Displays
- Extreme Environments
- Incorporation of medical logistics in constructive simulations

Impact of R&D

- Responsive to current and expected future conflicts
- Supports comprehensive training of wounded from point of injury, with delayed evacuation



MULTIMODAL ASSESSMENT FOR AFTER ACTION REVIEW (AAR)



Problem Statement

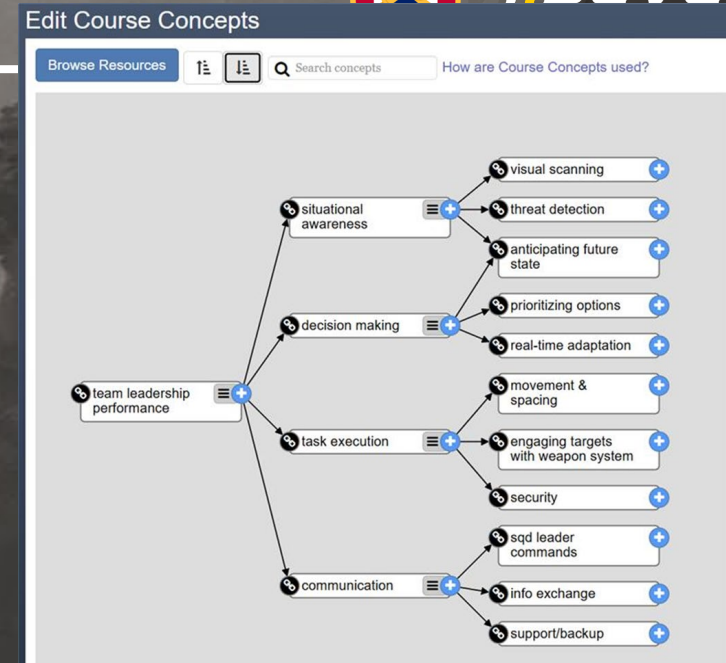
- Most AARs rely on instructor observations and limited performance data, resulting in inconsistent feedback and missed learning opportunities.
- Training events generate far more data than can be effectively analyzed and incorporated into current AAR processes.

Research Goals

- Develop tools and methods that automatically synthesize multimodal training assessments into meaningful performance insights.
- Create adaptive AAR capabilities that personalizes feedback/interaction based on learner, team, and mission objectives.

Impact of R&D

- Improve reflection, learning, and transfer by providing more timely, objective, and actionable feedback.
- Increase the consistency and scalability of high-quality AARs across training environments.



The screenshot displays a comprehensive training analysis interface. On the left, a 'Session Summary' panel provides metadata: Video: 3 - Trimmed, Mode: entry, Phases: 1, Timeline Items: 12, Flags: 4, Friends: 4, Enemies: 3, FPS: 59.04005994005994, Frames: 1582, Duration: 26.069366666666666. It also lists the file path: /Users/surya_nayala/Desktop/Projects/Army-Devcom/GIP 1/Archives/GIP 1-Multimodal-SAR-ECD/Video/Created_Gecko/3-Trimmed.MP4. Below this is a 'Phases' section showing 'Entrance Phase'. The 'Metrics' section lists: ENTRANCE_VECTORS: 0.33 [below], ENTRANCE_HESITATION: 0.8 [at], and TOTAL_TIME_OF_ENTRY: 0.14 [below]. The 'All Flags' section shows: Total entry time exceeded threshold [fra], Entries 2 and 3 did not alternate direction, and Pair 3 exceeded timing allowance [frame].

The main area is divided into three panels: 'Gaze Camera' showing a 3D environment with a player's gaze cone and target markers; 'Gaze Map' showing a 2D top-down view of the environment with gaze paths; and a 'Master Timeline' at the bottom showing the 'Entrance Phase' duration. A 'Phase Timeline - Entrance Phase' is also visible at the very bottom.

COMPETENCY ENGINEERING FOR PERSONALIZED SCENARIO GENERATION



Problem Statement

- Training systems collect substantial performance data but lack a common competency framework to guide learning progression and scenario adaptation.
- Personalized learning and scenario generation remain largely disconnected capabilities.

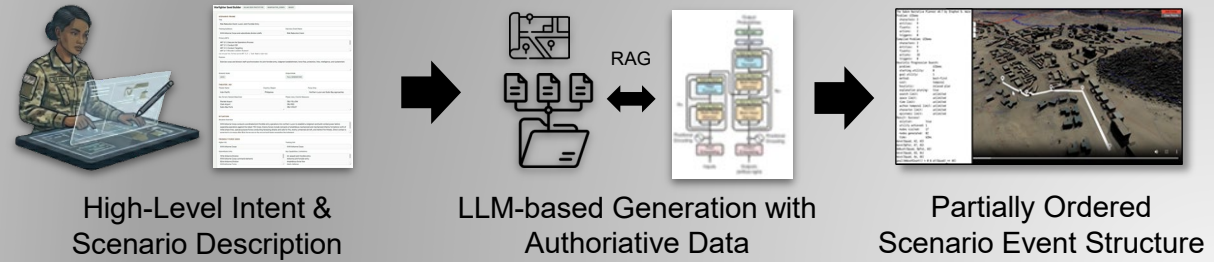
Research Goals

- Develop competency engineering frameworks that connect assessment, personalized learning pathways, and adaptive scenario generation.
- Leverage competency data to generate scenarios that target individual and team readiness requirements.

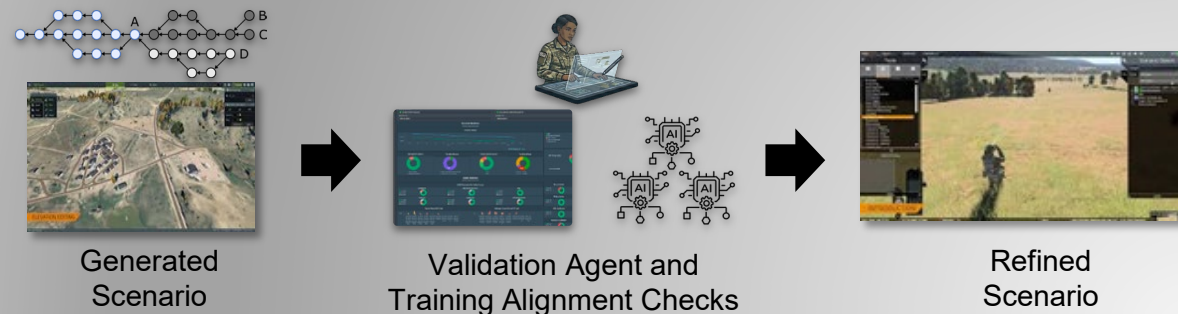
Impact of R&D

- Enable AI-driven training ecosystems that continuously tailor learning experiences, accelerate competency development, and improve Soldier readiness.
- Accelerate skill acquisition while reducing training time and instructor workload.

Phase 1: Scenario Generation



Phase 2: AI-Assisted Scenario Refinement



Scenario Generation Workflow



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Thank you